

Thoracic Epidural & Double-lumen tube (TEPID) database¹

Theatre:-

DATE:

OPERATION:

ANAESTHETISTS:

Patient label

Age /Sex /Wt /Ht

LBM /BSA /BMI

²

$$\text{LBM(males)} = 1.1 \times (\text{Wt kg}) - 128 \times (\text{Wt kg/Ht cm})^2$$

$$\text{LBM(female)} = 1.07 \times (\text{Wt kg}) - 148 \times (\text{Wt kg/Ht cm})^2$$

$$\text{BMIIndex} = (\text{Wt kg})/(\text{Ht m})^2$$

$$\text{BSA} = 0.007184 \times (\text{Ht cm})^{0.725} \times (\text{Wt kg})^{0.425}$$

GA start: / GA end:

Computer No.

ENDOTRACHEAL TUBE

double lumen tube: / left / right

Mallinkrodt (Fr size): / 41 / 39 / 37 / 35 / 29

distance (cms) at lips/teeth:

isolation: / bad / good / perfect—no problems

checked with fibrescope? / yes / no

any problems with tube during anaesthesia ?

If *unable* to use double-lumen tube, state why & what tube used instead

EPIDURAL

depth of space (cms):

midline / paramedian

LEVEL: Scapula: top (T₁₋₂) / middle (T₄₋₅) / bottom (T₇₋₈)

MEASUREMENT: / accurate / rough guess?

E1 /E2 /M/PM /BS

BSA: see Dubois, (1915). Arch. Int. Med.; 15, p 868.

LBM: see Hallynck TH *et al.* (1981). Should clearance be normalised to body surface area or to lean body mass? *Br. J. Clin. Pharmacol.*; 11, p 523–6.

BMIIndex: see Body Mass Calculator. Hospital Update, 1995; June issue, p 303.

¹Please return to Dr. RWD Nickalls, Dept Anaesthesia, City Hospital, Nottingham, UK. (dick@nickalls.org).

²The LBM, BSA and BMI will be filled in later.

[<http://www.nickalls.org/dick/xenon/rwdnXenon.html>]